

FINANCIAL CONFERENCE

Consolidated Business Results and Forecast

November 7, 2011 NSK Ltd.

Cautionary Statements with Respect to Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this report with respect to plans, strategies and future performance that are not historical fact are forward-looking statements.

NSK cautions that a number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements.

Note: This document is an English translation of material written initially in Japanese. The Japanese original should be considered the primary version.

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2 Consolidated Business Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012

3 Progress of Mid-term Plan

(Supplementary Information)



1

Consolidated Business Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2011

Summary of Consolidated Business Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2011



Business Environment

- ✓ Industrial Machinery :
 - Steady demand expansion due to increased demand in emerging countries.
- **✓** Automotive Products:
 - Demand boosted by customers' high output during recovery from the Great East Japan Earthquake and restoration of inventory levels.
- ✓ Semiconductor/LCD production equipment: In an adjustment phase
- ✓ Further appreciation of the yen

Summary of Business Results

- ✓ Sales ¥351.9 billion (YOY -0.3%), Operating income ¥22.9 billion (YOY +13.0%), Ordinary income ¥21.8 billion (YOY +25.9%), Net Income ¥14.4 billion (YOY +36.2%)
- -YOY results for the six months: slight decrease in sales, but significant increase in profit
 - -YOY results for 2Q (Jul-Sep): increases in both sales and operating income (Sales ¥ 7.0 billion +3.9%, Operating income ¥2.9 billion +30.3%)
- ✓ Results by Business Segment
- -Industrial Machinery Business:

-Automotive Business:

- For the six months, sales and operating income greatly increased YOY both for industrial machinery bearings and precision machinery and parts. (Excluding systemized products)
- 1Q sales and operating income decreased YOY due to the impact of the Great East Japan
- 3 Earthquake. 2Q sales increased YOY and operating income kept the same level YOY.

Summary of Consolidated Business Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2011



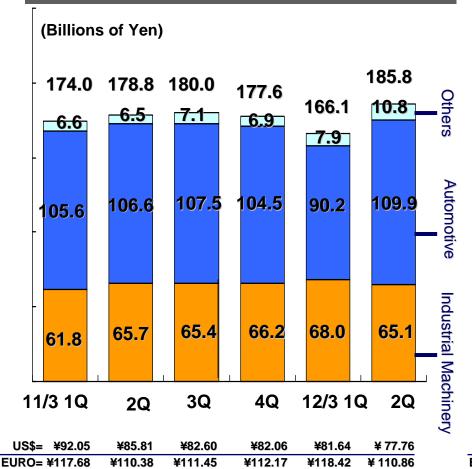
(Billions of yen)	'11/3 1st half <actual></actual>	'12/3 1st half <actual></actual>	Increase/ decrease YOY	Difference YOY	'12/3 1st half <original forecast=""></original>
Sales	352.8	351.9	-0.9	-0.3%	340.0
Operating income	20.3	22.9	+2.6	+13.0%	18.5
<%>	<5.8%>	<6.5%>			< 5.4% >
Ordinary income	17.3	21.8	+4.5	+25.9%	16.5
Income before tax	17.3	21.8	+4.5	+25.9%	16.5
Net income	10.6	14.4	+3.8	+36.2%	10.0
<exchange rate=""></exchange>					
(1US\$=)	(¥88.93)	(¥79.70)			(¥80)
(1EURO=)	(¥114.03)	(¥114.64)			(¥110)
[Major Indexes]					
ROE	8.6%	11.3%			
Net D/E ratio (times)	0.68	0.69			
Inventory turnover (times)	6.7	6.2			

Quarterly Business Performance



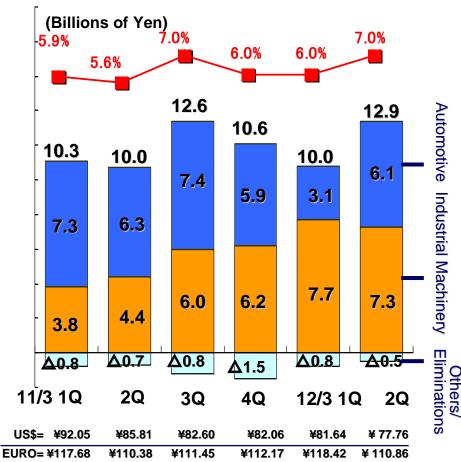
Sales

Despite decrease in industrial machinery bearing sales, total 2Q sales increased compared to 1Q sales thanks to recovery in automotive production.



Operating income/Margin

Operating income recovered to the same level as the previous year's highest due to the recovery in Automotive business, despite the further appreciation of the yen



Results by Business Segment



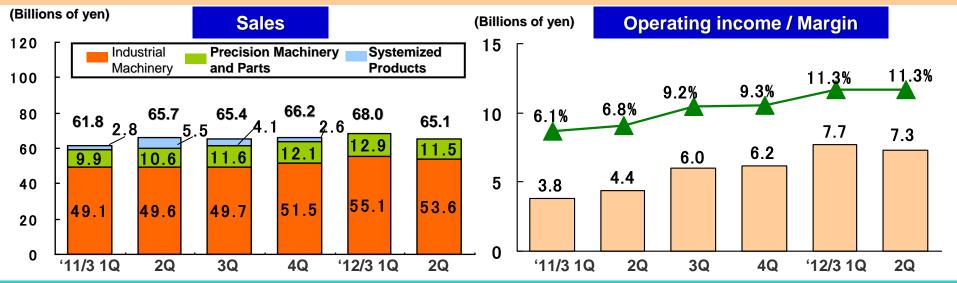
(Billions of yen)	'11/3 1 st half <actual></actual>		'12/3 1 st half <actual></actual>		Increase/ decrease YOY	Difference YOY	'12/3 1 st half <original Forecast></original
Sales	352.8		351.9		-0.9	-0.3%	340.0
Industrial machinery business	127.5		133.1		+5.6	+4.4%	130.0
Industrial machinery bearings	98.7		108.7		+10.0	+10.1%	105.5
Precision machinery and parts	28.8		24.4		-4.4	-15.1%	24.5
Automotive business	212.2		200.1		-12.1	-5.7%	192.0
Automotive bearings	108.8		103.3		-5.5	-5.0%	100.5
Automotive components	103.4		96.8		-6.6	-6.4%	91.5
Others	26.1		32.8		+6.7	+25.5%	31.5
Eliminations	-13.0		-14.1		-1.1		-13.5
Operating income	20.3	<5.8%>	22.9	<6.5%>	+2.6	+13.0%	18.5
Industrial machinery business	8.2	<6.5%>	15.0	<11.3%>	+6.8	+82.7%	13.5
Automotive business	13.6	<6.4%>	9.2	<4.6%>	-4.4	-32.4%	6.5
Others	2.2	<8.3%>	2.0	<6.2%>	-0.2	-6.1%	2.0
Eliminations/Corporate	-3.7		-3.3		+0.4		-3.5

*Systemized Products (photofabrication exposure equipment) have been moved from "Precision machinery and parts" to the "Others" from April 1, 2011.

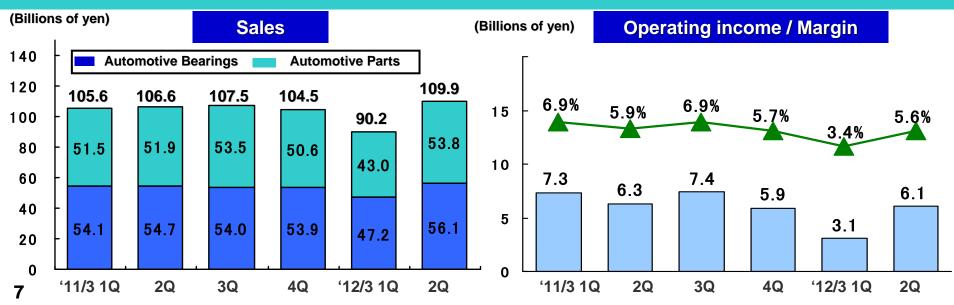
Quarterly Business Segment Performance



Industrial Machinery Business



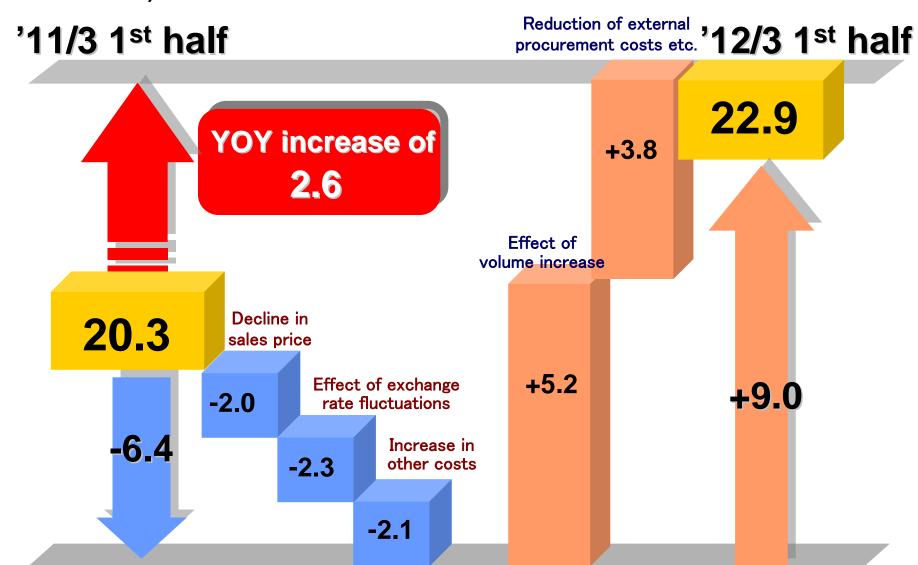
Automotive Business



Operating income : Factors Behind Increase (11/3 1st half ⇒ 12/3 1st half)



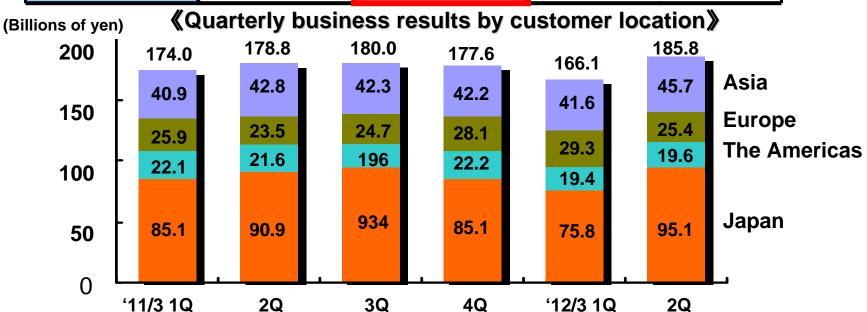
(Billions of Yen)



Business Results by Customer Location

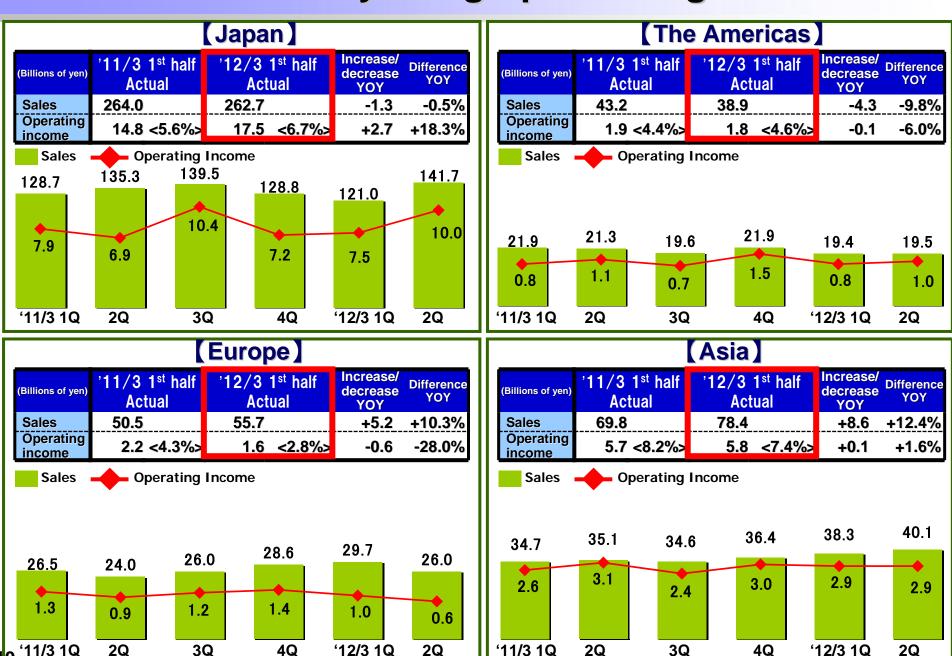


(Billions of yen)	'11/3 1 st half <actual></actual>	'12/3 1 st half <actual></actual>	Increase/ decrease YOY	Difference YOY
Sales	352.8	351.9	-0.9	-0.3%
Japan	176.0	170.9	-5.1	-2.9%
Non-Japan	176.8	181.0	+4.2	+2.4%
(Non-Japan ratio)	(50.1%)	(51.2%)		
The Americas	43.6	39.0	-4.6	-10.7%
Europe	49.5	54.7	+5.2	+10.8%
Asia	83.7	87.3	+3.6	+4.2%
(Asia Ratio)	(23.7 %)	(24.8%)		
China only	43.1	44.8	+1.7	+4.5%



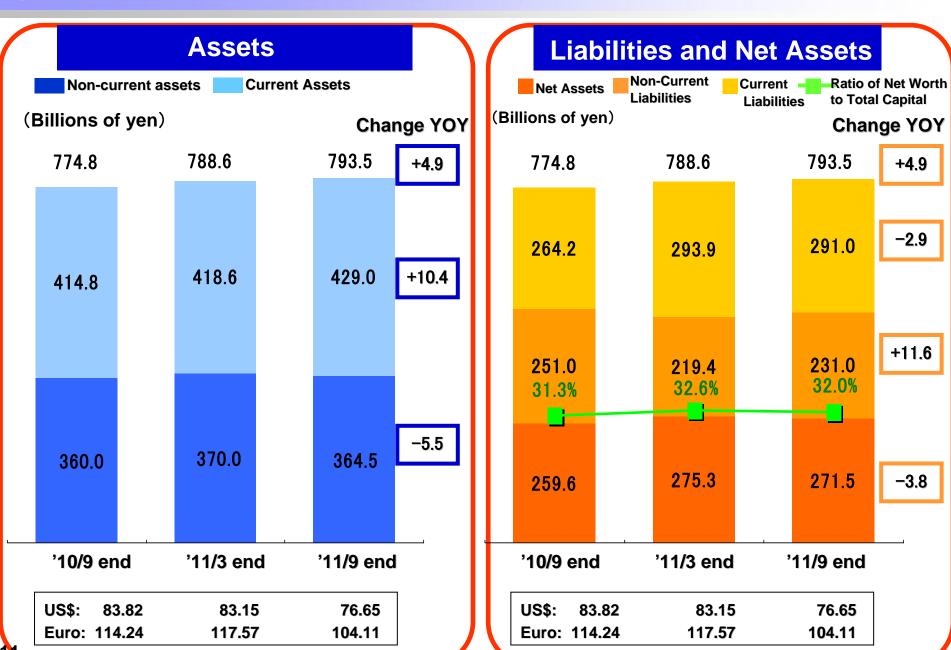
Business Results by Geographical Segment





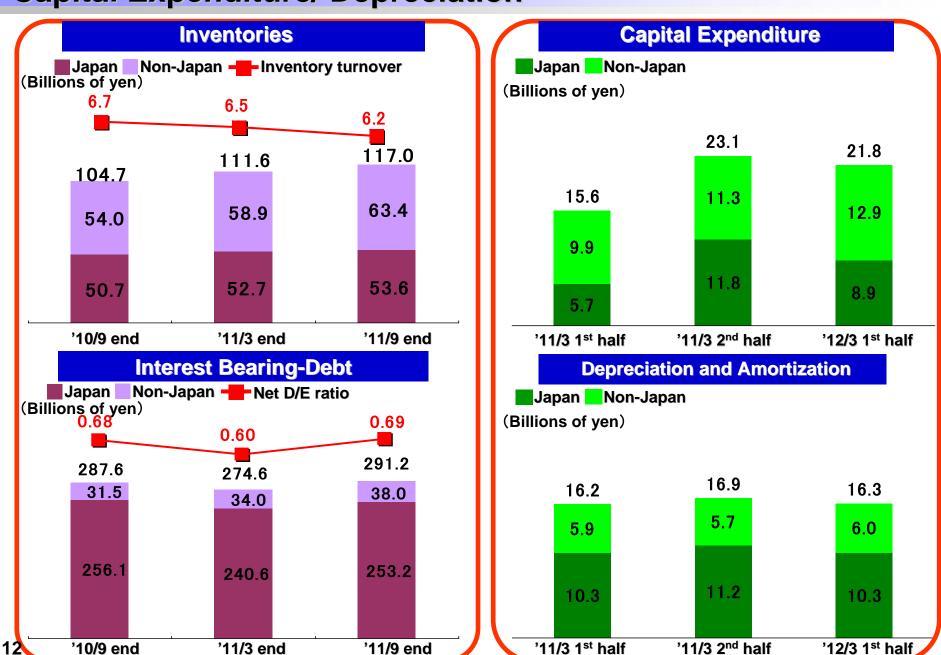
Consolidated Balance Sheets





Inventory/ Interest-Bearing Debt, Capital Expenditure/ Depreciation







2 Consolidated Business Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012

Summary of Consolidated Business Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012



Revised Business Forecast

- ✓ Maintain sales and operating income to the original plan in June, despite concerns about slowdown in some industrial sectors and the appreciation of the Yen.
- ✓ YOY Increase in both sales and operating income
 (Sales ¥19.6 billion +2.8%, Operating income ¥6.5 billion +14.9%)
- ✓ Exchange rate forecast: US\$=¥75.0, EURO=¥105.0

Forecasted Business Environment for the 2nd Half

- Uncertain global economy, despite full demand recovery in the Japanese economy
- ✓ Closely observe impact of flood in Thailand
- ✓ Industrial Machinery Bearings:
 - Machine Tools / Pumps & compressors: maintain steady demand but some risks of slowdown exist
 - HDD/Semiconductors/LED products: remain in adjustment phase
- ✓ Automotive:
 - Japanese : recovery in domestic production, recovery in overseas inventory level
 - Non-Japanese: production slowdown by local Chinese automakers, steady production by US Big3 and European automakers

Summary of Consolidated Business Forecast for the Year Ending March 31, 2012



(Billions of yen)	'11/3	'12/3						
	Full Year <actual></actual>	1 st half <actual></actual>	2 nd half <revised forecast=""></revised>	Full Year <revised forecast=""></revised>	Difference YOY	Change YOY	Full Year <original forecast=""></original>	
Sales	710.4	351.9	378.1	730.0	+19.6	+2.8%	730.0	
Operating income	43.5	22.9	27.1	50.0	+6.5	+14.9%	50.0	
<%>	<6.1%>	<6.5%>	<7.2%>	<6.8%>			<6.8%>	
Ordinary income	38.6	21.8	24.2	46.0	+7.4	+19.2%	46.0	
Income before tax	38.2	21.8	24.2	46.0	+7.8	+20.4%	46.0	
Net income	26.1	14.4	16.6	31.0	+4.9	+18.8%	31.0	
<exchange rate=""> (1US\$=) (1EURO=)</exchange>	(¥85.63) (¥112.92)	(¥79.70) (¥114.64)	` ,	(¥77.35) (¥109.82)			(¥80) (¥110)	

Key strategies for the Year Ending March 31, 2012



Profitability improvement initiatives

- Step up measures for resistance to Ex-rate fluctuations (Local production, promote localization, optimal parts procurement)
- Reorganize global production network
- Reduce external procurement costs
- Respond to raw material cost increase
- Reduce fixed costs and SGA

Accelerate response speed to match changing demand

- Vigilance against signs of demand trends
- Quick response to demand changes
- Reduce inventory

Continue implementing strategy for mid-term growth

- Selective capital investment focused on growing regions (emerging countries) and growing sectors (EPS)
- Strengthen product development for sustainable growth

Forecast by Business Segment

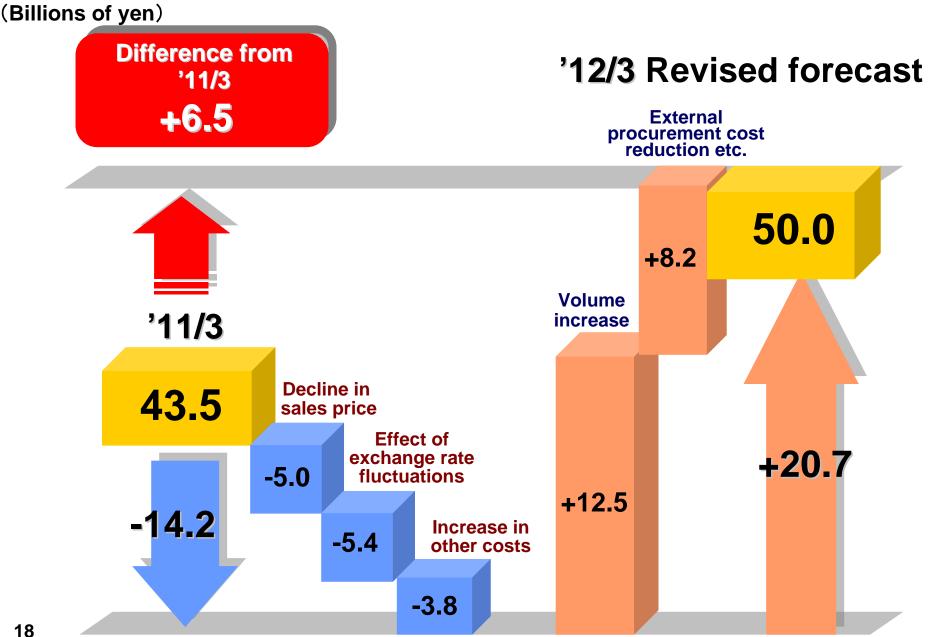


(Billions of yen)	11,	/3					12/	' 3				
	Full y <actu< th=""><th></th><th>1st <act< th=""><th>half rual></th><th>2nd <revised< th=""><th></th><th>Full y <revised t<="" th=""><th></th><th>Increase/ decrease YOY</th><th>Change YOY</th><th>Full <original< th=""><th>,</th></original<></th></revised></th></revised<></th></act<></th></actu<>		1st <act< th=""><th>half rual></th><th>2nd <revised< th=""><th></th><th>Full y <revised t<="" th=""><th></th><th>Increase/ decrease YOY</th><th>Change YOY</th><th>Full <original< th=""><th>,</th></original<></th></revised></th></revised<></th></act<>	half rual>	2nd <revised< th=""><th></th><th>Full y <revised t<="" th=""><th></th><th>Increase/ decrease YOY</th><th>Change YOY</th><th>Full <original< th=""><th>,</th></original<></th></revised></th></revised<>		Full y <revised t<="" th=""><th></th><th>Increase/ decrease YOY</th><th>Change YOY</th><th>Full <original< th=""><th>,</th></original<></th></revised>		Increase/ decrease YOY	Change YOY	Full <original< th=""><th>,</th></original<>	,
Sales	710.4		351.9		378.1		730.0		+19.6	+2.8%	730.0	
Industrial machinery business	259.1		133.1		128.9		262.0		+2.9	+1.1%	265.0	
Industrial machinery bearings	199.9		108.7		106.3		215.0		+15.1	+7.6%	215.5	
Precision machinery and parts	59.2		24.4		22.6		47.0		-12.2	-20.6%	49.5	
Automotive business	424.2		200.1		237.9		438.0		+13.8	+3.3%	432.0	
Automotive bearings	216.7		103.3		117.2		220.5		+3.8	+1.8%	220.0	
Automotive components	207.5		96.8		120.7		217.5		+10.0	+4.8%	212.0	
Other	53.1		32.8		27.2		60.0		+6.9	+13.0%	62.0	
Eliminations	-26.0		-14.1		-15.9		-30.0		-4.0	-	-29.0	
Operating income	43.5	<6.1%>	22.9	<6.5%>	27.1	<7.2%>	50.0	<6.9%>	+6.5	+14.9%	50.0	<6.8%>
Industrial machinery business	20.4	<7.9%>	15.0	<11.3%>	14.5	<11.3%>	29.5	<11.3%>	+9.1	+44.6%	29.5	<11.1%>
Automotive business	26.9	<6.3%>	9.2	<4.6%>	15.3	<6.4%>	24.5	<5.6%>	-2.4	-8.9%	24.5	<5.7%>
Other	3.5	<6.5%>	2.0	<6.2%>	1.0	<3.7%>	3.0	<5.0%>	-0.5	-14.3%	3.0	<4.8%>
Eliminations/ Corporate	-7.3		-3.3		-3.7		-7.0		+0.3	-	-7.0	

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Operating income: Factors Behind Increase ('11/3 ⇒ '12/3 Revised forecast)





Forecast by Customer Location



(Billions of yen)		11/3		12/3					
	1st half <actual></actual>	2nd half <actual> ·</actual>	•	1st half <actual></actual>	2nd half <revised forecast=""></revised>	Full year <revised forecast=""></revised>	Increase/ decrease YOY	Change YOY	Full year <pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre><pre></pre></pre> <pre></pre> <
Sales	352.8	357.6	710.4	351.9	378.1	730.0	+19.6	+2.8%	730.0
Japan	176.0	178.5	354.5	170.9	185.6	356.5	+2.0	+0.6%	359.0
Non-Japan	176.8	179.1	355.9	181.0	192.5	373.5	+17.6	+4.9%	371.0
(Non-Japan ratio)	(50.1%)	(50.0%)	(50.1%)	(51.4%)	(50.9%)	(51.2%)			(50.8%)
The Americas	43.6	41.9	85.5	39.0	42.0	81.0	-4.5	-5.3%	84.0
Europe	49.5	52.7	102.2	54.7	51.8	106.5	+4.3	+4.2%	103.0
Asia	83.7	84.5	168.2	87.3	98.7	186.0	+17.8	+10.6%	184.0
(Asia Ratio)	(23.7%)	(23.6%)	(23.7%)	(24.8%)	(26.1%)	(25.5%)			(25.2%)
China Only	43.1	39.5	82.6	44.8	50.2	95.0	+12.4	+15.0%	950

Forecast by Geographical Segment



(Billions of yen)		11/3				12/3			
	1st half <actual></actual>	2nd half <actual></actual>	Full year <actual></actual>	1st half <actual></actual>	2nd half <actual></actual>	Full year <actual></actual>	Increase/ Decrease YOY	Change YOY	Full year <original forecast=""></original>
Sales	352.8	357.6	710.4	351.9	378.1	730.0	+19.6	+2.8%	730.0
Japan	264.0	268.3	532.3	262.7	276.3	539.0	+6.7	+1.3%	539.0
The Americas	43.2	41.5	84.7	38.9	42.1	81.0	-3.7	-4.4%	82.0
Europe	50.5	54.6	105.1	55.7	55.8	111.5	+6.4	+6.1%	106.0
Asia	69.8	71.0	140.8	78.4	92.1	170.5	+29.7	+21.1%	166.0
Eliminations	-74.7	-77.8	-152.5	-83.8	-88.2	-172.0	-19.5	-	-163.0
Operating income	20.3 <5.8%>	23.2 <6.5%>	43.5 <6.1%>	22.9 <6.5%>	27.1 <7.2%	> 50.0 <6.9%>	+6.5	+14.9%	50.0 <6.8%>
Japan	14.8 <5.6%>	17.6 <6.6%>	32.4 <6.1%>	17.5 <6.7%>	18.5 <6.7%	> 36.0 <6.7%>	+3.6	+11.1%	36.5 <6.8%>
The Americas	1.9 <4.4%>	2.2 <5.3%>	4.1 <4.8%>	1.8 <4.6%>	2.2 <5.2%	4.0 <4.9%>	-0.1	-2.4%	3.5 <4.3%>
Europe	2.2 <4.3%>	2.6 <4.8%>	4.8 <4.5%>	1.6 <2.8%>	1.4 <2.5%:	3.0 <2.7%>	-1.8	-37.5%	3.0 <2.8%>
Asia	5.7 <8.2%>	5.4 <7.6%>	11.1 <7.9%>	5.8 <7.4%>	8.7 <9.5%:	> 14.5 <8.5%>	+3.4	+30.6%	14.0 <8.4%>
Eliminations/ Corporate	-4.3	-4.6	-8.9	-3.8	-3.7	-7.5	+1.4	-	-7.0



3 Progress of Mid-Term Plan

Outline of the FY'09~FY'12 Mid-Term Plan



FY'03-FY'05 Mid-Term Plan FY'06-FY'08

Mid-Term Plan

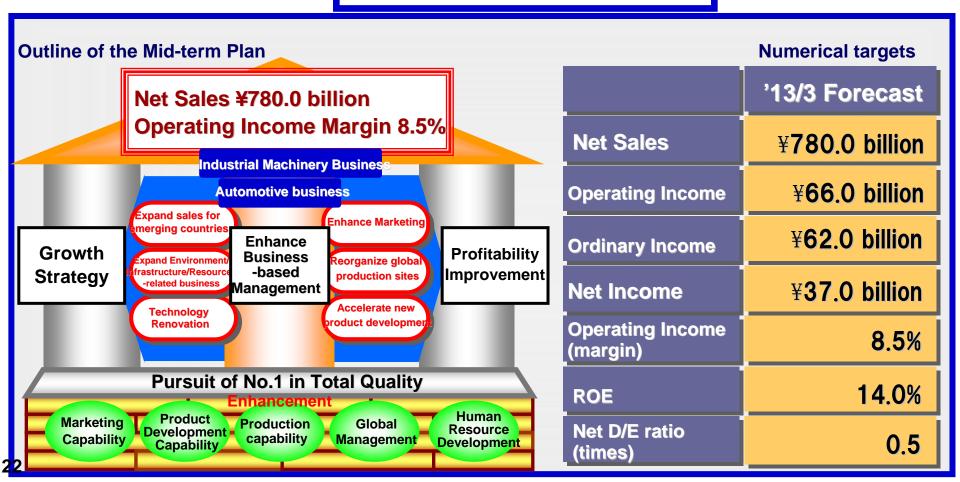
FY'09-FY'12 Mid-Term Plan

FY'13-FY'15 Mid-Term Plan

Select & Focus strategy Business restructuring Growth strategy
Improve profitability

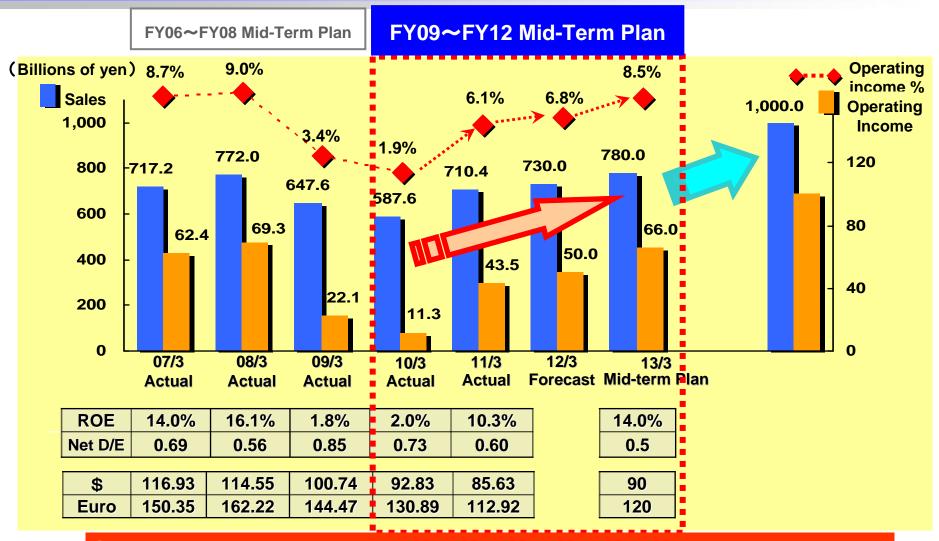
Respond to paradigm shifts
Organize business structure,
aiming towards a 1 trillion yen company

Towards
100th Anniversary



Mid-Term Plan Progress



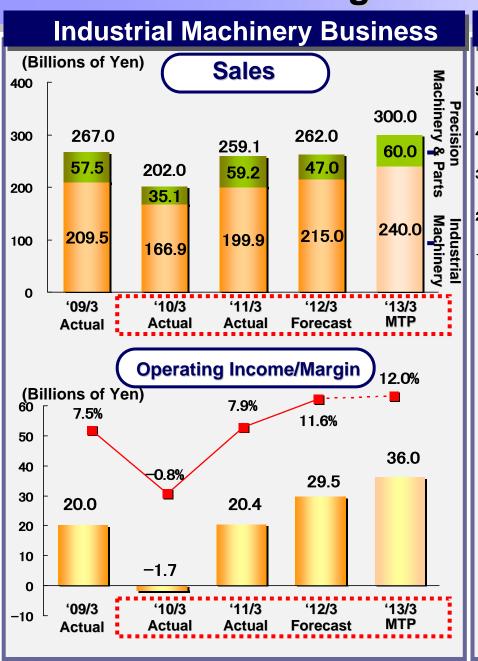


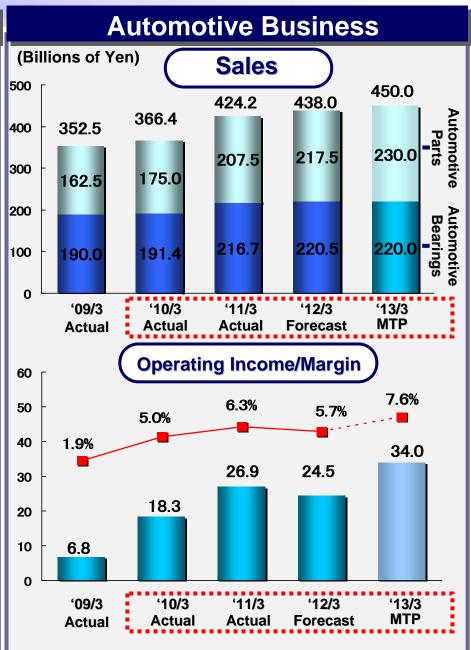
Steadily progressing despite the impact of the appreciation of the yen and the Great East Japan Earthquake

Aiming towards a 1 trillion yen company with substantial evolution

Mid-Term Plan Progress -By Business Segment



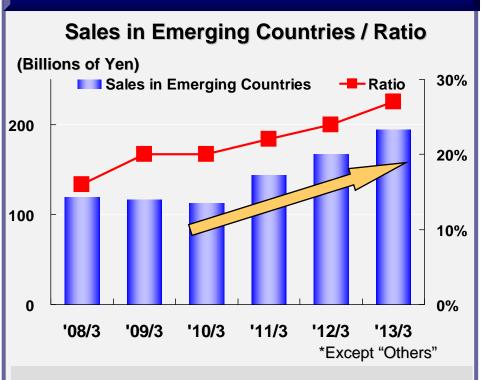




Growth Strategy 1 Expand to Emerging countries



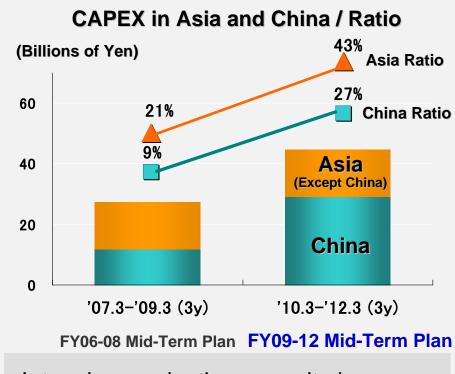
Sales expansion to emerging countries



- -Expanding presence in emerging markets
- -Raise sales ratio for emerging countries

 ⇒ in the high 20s (%)
- -Penetrate markets and further expand

Increase production capacity



- -Intensive production capacity increase in growing regions
- -Asia Ratio 20% ⇒ Above 40%
- -Secure and strengthen competitiveness

Driving Role in Mid-Term Growth Strategy

Growth Strategy 2

Base expansion in China



Production Capacity Increase in Northeastern / Inland China



New Production Site in Inland China (Hefei Plant)

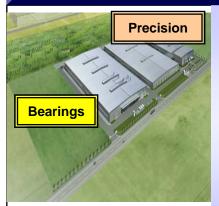


- -12th production site in China
- -Establish production base in inland Area
- -Manpower saving and high efficiency supported by advanced equipment
- -Adopt localized equipment
- -Mother Plant: Kunshan Plant
- -Chinese President

Products	Ball Bearings for Automotive and Industrial Machinery
Production Start	August 2012 (Planned)

- Further expansion in growing markets
- Strengthen advantages
 - Ball bearings
 - Automotive
 - Electrical
- Penetrate targeted sectors
 - Large-sized bearings
 - precision machinery and parts
- Bases for sales expansion to local customers

Full Operation at Northeastern China (Shenyang Plant)



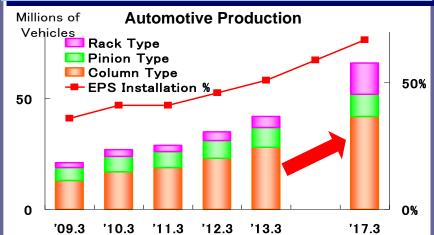
- -Establish full product line-up
- <Large-sized bearings>
- -Start full production at new plant (Jan'12)
- -Expansion Base for heavy industries
- <Pre><Pre>cision Machinery and Parts> B/S
- -Complete production reorganization
- -Increase production capacity

Growth Strategy 3 EPS

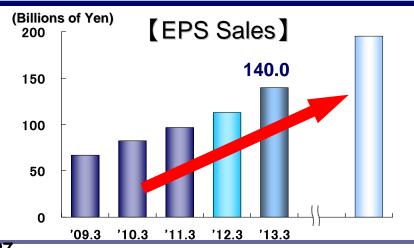


Accelerate Global Expansion and Strong Product Development





Accelerate Further Growth



Demand Trend and Key Strategies

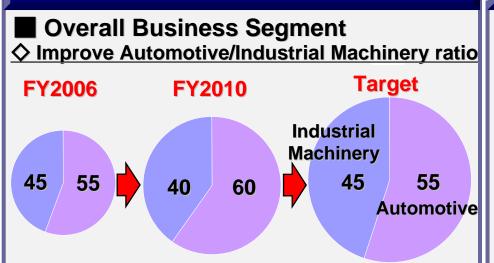
<Demand Trend>

- -EPS installation ratio continues to rise
- -Increase of column type EPS supported by increase in demand for small vehicles
- -Tightened safety standards
- Increase production capacity
- Launch EPS production in Thailand
- Assured start of production for new projects in each region
- Improve development capability for next generation projects
 - Launch new EPS R&D structure
 - Improve EPS system development
- Profitability improvement
 - Promote local production, procurement
 - Improve pre-processing procedures
 - Optimize component procurement

Profitability Improvement 1



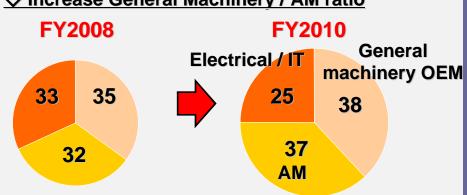
Business Portfolio Evolution





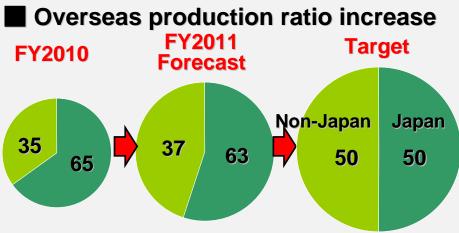


♦ Increase General Machinery / AM ratio



- Further increase of General machinery OEM and AM ratio 28

Production Ratio Improvement



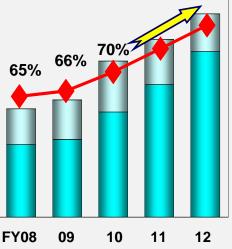
- ♦Japan / Non-Japan ratio ⇒ 50:50
 - Achieve and maintain production ratio same as sales
 - Develop infrastructure for local demand and local production
- Enhance resistance to exchange fluctuations
- Production reorganization / Overseas production capacity increase
- increase capacity in emerging countries and growing industries
- Promote production reorganization focused on cost competitiveness
- Effective utilization of current equipment

Profitability Improvement 2



Promote Localization

Local procurement ratio of materials and parts



- ♦Steel
- ♦ Pre-Process
- **♦**Parts
- **♦**Equipment

← : Local procurement Ratio %

: Local Procurement : KD

Enhance non-Japan production bases

Strong resistance to exchange fluctuations

Increase local added value

Localized supply chain

"True overseas production capability"

Manpower Saving

- Manpower saving through production technology (Automation)
- Manpower saving through capacity increase (APS)

Fixed cost reduction

Strategies for staff retention rate

Strong Global Management

- Recruit non-Japanese management staff at Japan HQ
- Non-Japanese staff in important global posts
- Localized administration at mother plants and R&D centers
- Begin Global Management College

Establish autonomous management



(Supplementary Information)

(Supplementary Information) Capital expenditure, Depreciation and Amortization, R&D expenses



(Billions of yen)	FY10 Actual	FY11 1 st half Actual	FY11 Forecast
Capital expenditure(*)	38.7	21.8	46.0
Japan	17.5	8.9	17.0
Non-Japan	21.2	12.9	29.0
The Americas	3.0	0.7	2.5
Europe	3.3	1.8	4.5
Asia	14.9	10.4	22.0

*Excluding intangible assets

(Billions of yen)	FY10	FY11 1 st half	FY11
	Actual	Actual	Forecast
Depreciation and Amortization(*)	33.1	16.3	35.0

*Excluding intangible assets

(Billions of yen)	FY10	FY11 1 st half	FY11
	Actual	Actual	Forecast
R&D Expenses	10.5	5.0	11.5